3. **The Music Page.** Use the Menu page as the starting point for the Music page. Launch Notepad and open the menu.html file in the javajam folder that you previously created. Save the file as music.html.

Modify the music.html file to look similar to the Music page, as shown in Figure 4.27:

- Change the page title to an appropriate phrase.
- Delete the definition list from the page.
- The main content in the page will consist of an introductory paragraph below the navigation and two sections describing music performances.
- The content of the paragraph is as follows:
  
  The first Friday night each month at JavaJam is a special night. Join us from 8pm to 11pm for some music you won’t want to miss!

  Place a line break tag after the first sentence.

- The section describing each music performance consists of an `<h3>` element, a paragraph, and an image link. You’ll need to configure the paragraph, so assign it to a class named `content`.
- **January Music Performance:**

  Configure an `<h2>` with the following text: **January**

  Configure a paragraph assigned to the `content` class with the following text:

  Melanie Morris entertains
  with her melodic folk style.
  Check out the podcast!
  CDs are now available.

  Add line breaks as indicated above.

- Configure the melaniethumb.jpg as an image link to melanie.jpg. Code appropriate attributes on the `<img />` element, including `align="right"`

- **February Music Performance:**

  Configure an `<h2>` with the following text: **February**

  Configure a paragraph assigned to the `content` class with the following text:

  Tahoe Greg’s back from his tour.
  New songs
  New stories
  CDs are now available.

  Add line breaks as indicated above.

- Configure the gregthumb.jpg as an image link to greg.jpg. Code appropriate attributes on the `<img />` element, including `align="right"`

- Save the music.html file. If you test your page in a browser you’ll notice that it looks different from Figure 4.27—you still need to configure style rules.

4. **Configure the CSS.** Open javajam.css in Notepad. Edit the style rules as follows:

- Modify the body selector style rules. Configure background.gif (see Figure 4.34) as the background image.

- Modify the container id. Configure the background color to be `#ffffff`.
  Configure a minimum width of 700px (use `min-width`).
- Modify the content id. Now that the page has a background image, the content seems to be crowding the left and right sides. Configure 20 pixels of left and right padding (use padding-left and padding-right).
- Modify the h1 selector. Remove the line-height style rule.
- Add a new style rule for the h2 selector that configures a background color (#ccaa66), font size (1.2em), left padding (10px) and bottom padding (5px). The style rules follow:
  
  ```css
  background-color: #ccaa66;
  font-size: 1.2em;
  padding-left: 10px;
  padding-bottom: 5px;
  ```
- Configure the class named details to add 20 percent left and right padding (use padding-left and padding-right). Notice how this adds empty space either side of the music performance description and image.
- Configure the img selector not to display a border.

Save the javajam.css file. Test it in a browser. If your images do not appear or your image links do not work, examine your work carefully. Use Windows Explorer to verify that the images are saved in your javajam folder. Examine the src attribute on the `<img />` tags to be sure you spelled the image names correctly. Another useful troubleshooting technique is to validate the XHTML and CSS code. See Chapters 2 and 3 for Hands-On Practice exercises that describe how to use these validators.